



O risco de comunicar mal o risco

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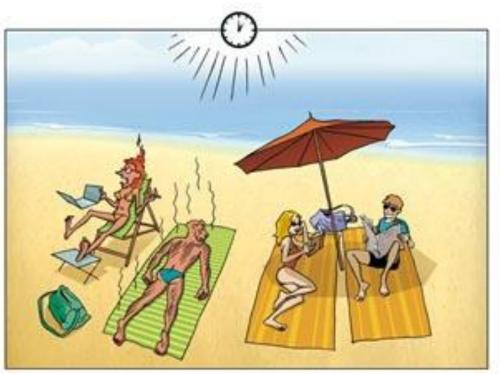
O que é risco?

Hazard vs risk

Possibilidade vs probabilidade

Perigo vs risco



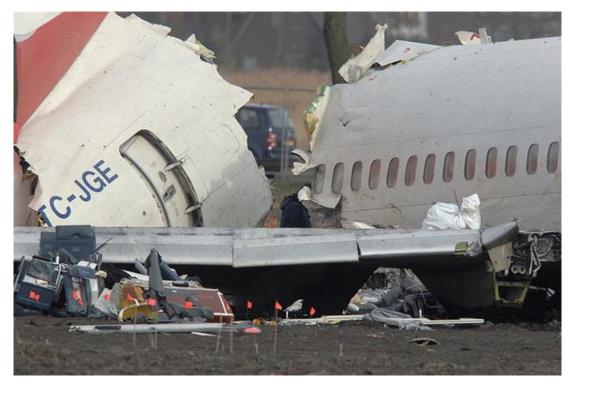


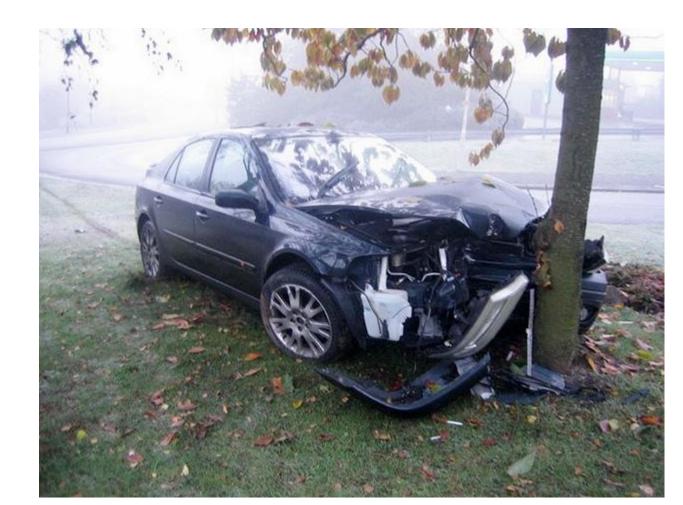
 $RISK = HAZARD \times EXPOSURE$















Eliminação do risco



Alimentação: existe risco zero?

- Orgânicos
- Defensivos agrícolas
- Contaminação bactérias e fungos
- OGMs
- Unicórnios

IARC CLASSIFICATION

International Agency for Research on Cancer

Group 1: agents carcinogenic to human

Group 2A: agents probably carcinogenic to humans

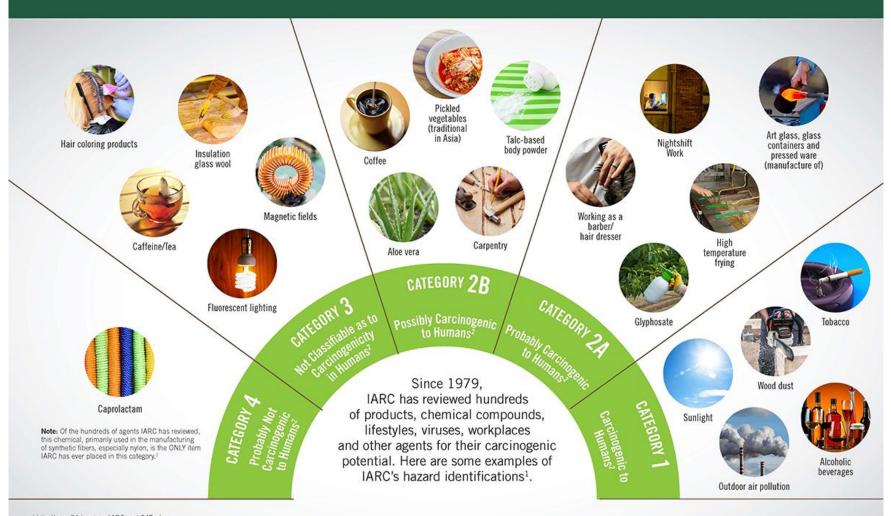
Group 2B: agents possibly carcinogenic to humans

Group 3: agents not classifiable as carcinogen

Group 4: agents probably not carcinogenic

Examples of International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) Carcinogenic Classifications





http://www.24d.reviews/IARC-and-24D.php

http://monographs.iarc.fr/ENG/Classification/ClassificationsAlphaOrder.pdf

http://www.epa.gov/ttnatw01/hlthef/caprolac.html

E quando o veneno é natural?

Aipo (salsão) – psoraleno – resistência a insetos

Batata dos andes/batata americana – alcaloides tóxicos

Micotoxinas no milho

Aflatoxinas no amendoim

Rotular ou não rotular?

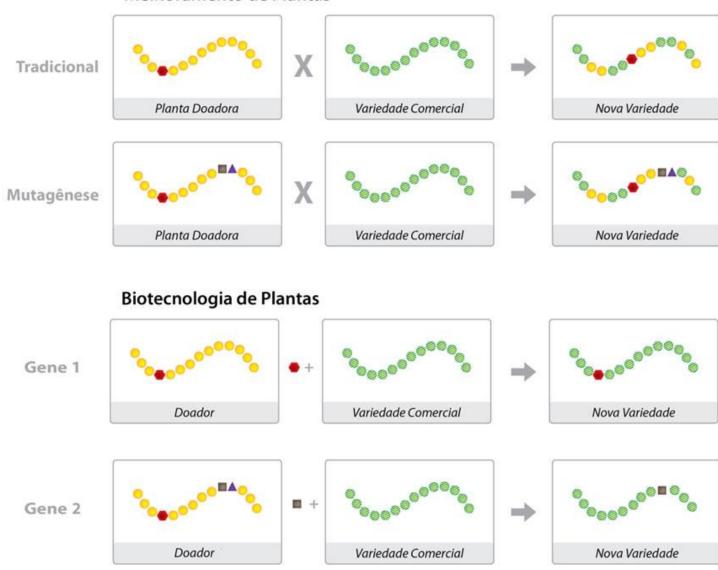
Organicos vs OGMs

• Técnicas de modificação genética x técnicas de manejo

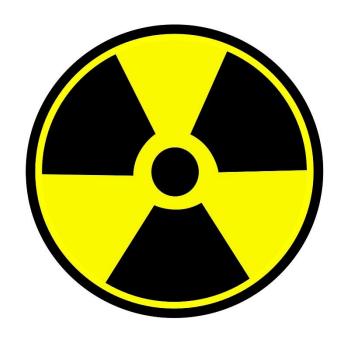




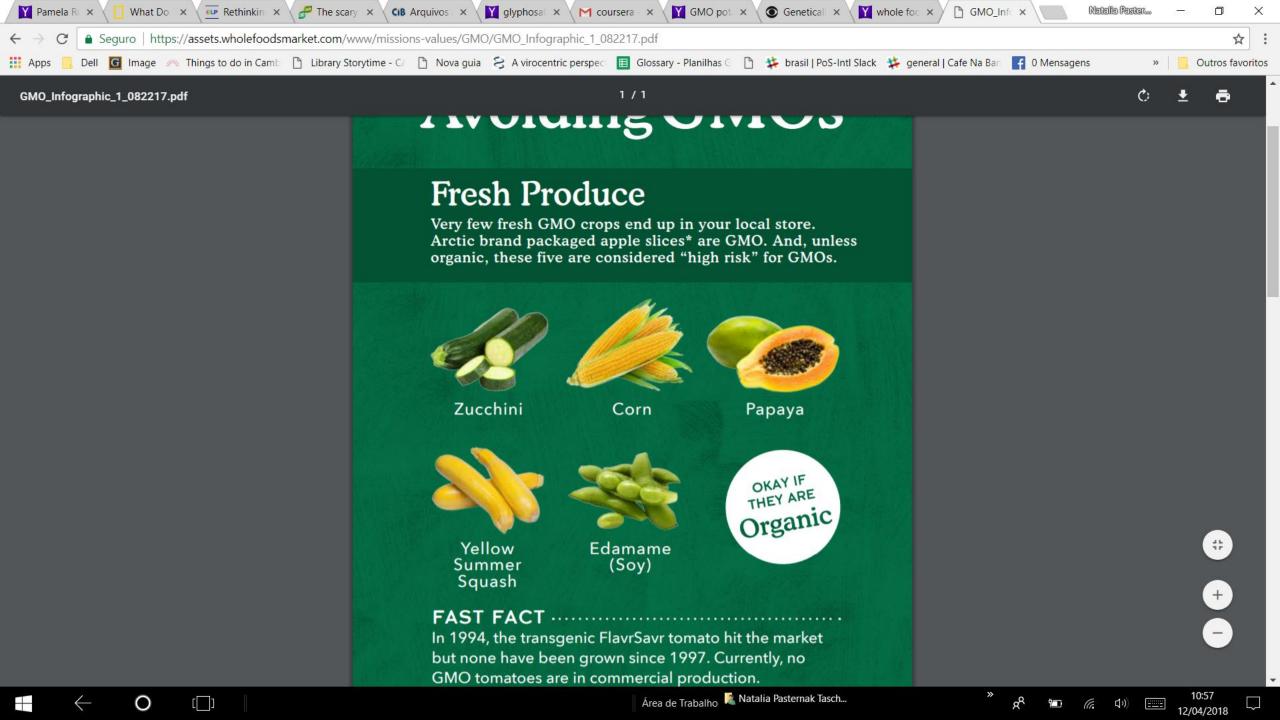
Melhoramento de Plantas







(http://mvgs.iaea.org/AboutMutantVarieties.aspx)



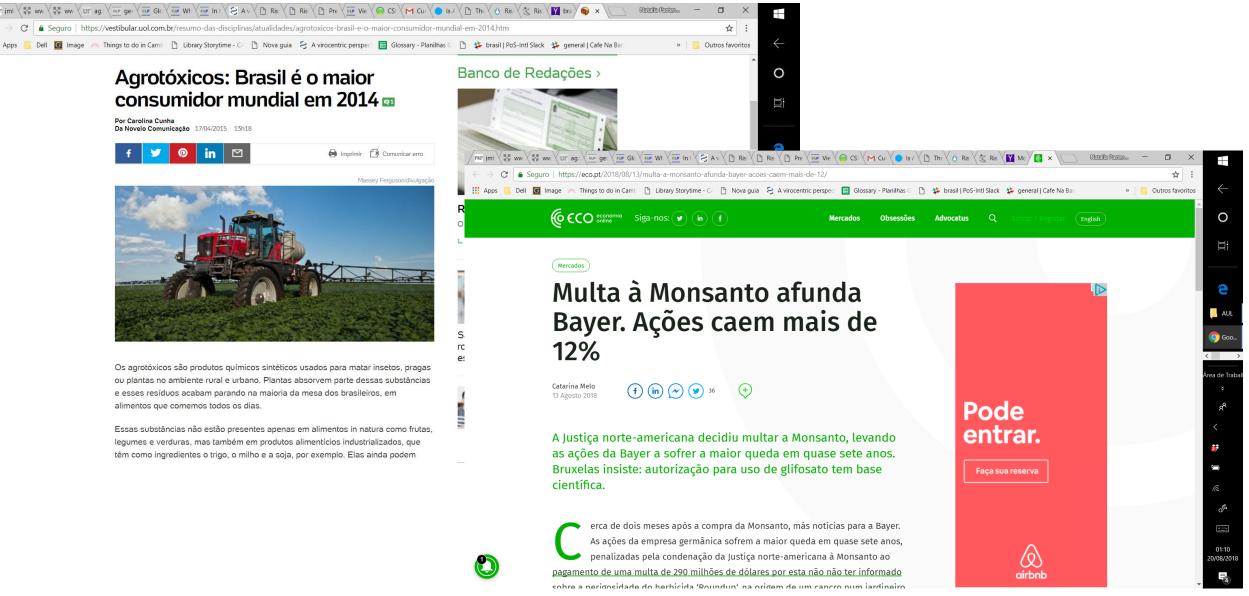
About organics

- 47% more \$\$\$\$
- Organic pesticides Copper sulfate
- AMES test Is your coffee dangerous? 300 risk compounds
- Risk to your health contamination, mycotoxins
- Use of land 25% to 110% larger
- Whole foods market— 13, 7 bi \$

GMOs and organic agriculture: compatible?

- Less pesticides
- Less transport and pulverization
- Less tilling
- Less water
- Sustainable agriculture

Exemplos de risco da comunicação do risco



Como comunicar?

Risk Landscape (not to scale) © hungrybraindesign.com **Smoking** Not RATIO Air Eating Sedentary Pollution Fruits Lifestyle RISK and Veggies Heavy Coffee Beauty Products Drinking Pesticides Paints Sunburn Red Meat Radon Mycotoxins Grilling Flame Retardants

Axes not to scale

Pesticide health risks in perspective

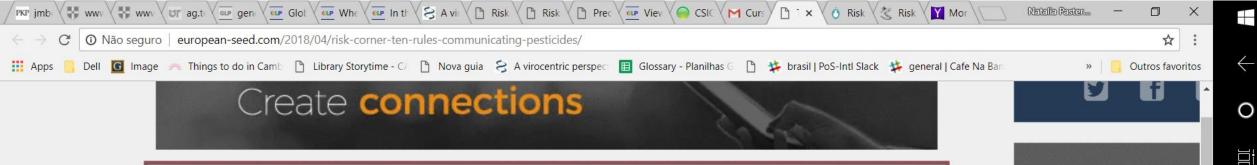


Dietary exposure to all pesticide residues poses a risk equal to drinking one glass of wine every three months.

This is a conservative estimate of the cumulative health effects of pesticide residues on Danish adults.

Source: Larsson et al 2018, Refined assessment and perspectives on the cumulative risk resulting from the dietary exposure to pesticide residues in the Danish population





8. Demonstrate visually the volume of compliance

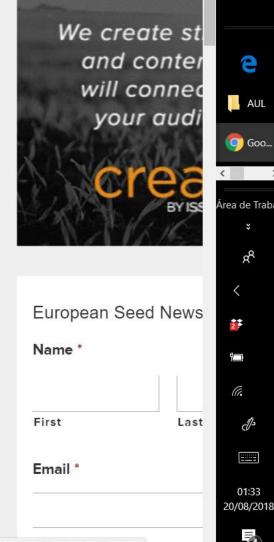
10. Help people find out more information for themselves

9. Put toxicity into a banalising context

10 Rules for Communicating on Pesticides 1. Don't diminish how people feel frightened or dismiss their concerns 2. Celebrate achievements: higher yields, secure harvests, less labour 3. Make it clear that the natural v synthetic source is not an issue 4. Use precise terms when possible: insecticide, herbicide, fungicide 5. Show why farmers use pesticides (benefits) and only when necessary 6. Present pesticides as part of a farmer's toolkit used in difficult tasks 7. Highlight the 50-year trend of lowering dose levels, better technologies

research studies

The Risk Corner: Ten Rules for Communicating on Pesticides



Obrigada, declaro não ter nenhum conflito de interesses, na verdade até hoje nunca ninguém me pagou!

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